

Figure 1. – Generalized geologic map showing major geologic units grouped stratigraphically and genetically. Craters of Imbrian and younger age are omitted.

EXPLANATION

Ancient pre-Nectarian cratered terrain; dense clustering of craters; includes units pNt and pNc.

Ancient Nectarian and pre-Nectarian cratered terrain; partly subdued by mantling deposits; includes units NpNt, Nc, and parts of pNc, Nt, INt, and Ip.

Nectarian basin terrain; includes units Nb, NpNbm, NpNbr, Nbl, Ncc, and parts of Nt, INt, INbl, and Ip.

Imbrium basin terrain; includes units IpNbm, If, It, Ia, IpNI, IpNcl, IpNt, and part of INbl

Imbrium basin plains; plains inferred to be composed partly of Imbrium ejecta (Ip₁).

Undivided Imbrian plains; may be composed of material younger than Imbrium ejecta; includes units Ip2 and Ip where patches are large.

Imbrian terrain underlain by mare basalts, includes small patches of unit Em.